

# The Daily State Chronicle.

VOL. VII.—NO. 68.

RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1890.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

## THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

### THE IMPORTATION OF LIQUORS INTO PROHIBITION STATES.

The Bill for Government Loans on Agricultural Lands—The River and Harbor Bill in the House.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Senate.—In the senate to day Mr. Faulkner gave notice of an amendment to the bill relating to liquors imported into prohibition States—providing that such liquors shall be considered as incorporated as part of the common mass of property within the State and subject to regulation, control and taxation in the exercise of the States' police powers.

Mr. Call offered a resolution calling on the President for information as to the landing of an armed force from the revenue cutter, *McLane*, at Cedar Keys, Fla., the force being of houses and the pursuit of citizens by the surrounding country, and asked for its adoption.

Mr. Edmunds—"Let it go over. I do not know that it states the truth."

The resolution went over.

Mr. Stanford addressed the Senate in advocacy of the bill introduced by him several days ago, providing for loans by the government on agricultural lands.

The naval appropriation bill was then taken up but little progress was made, and at 5 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

### House.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The House discussed the river and harbor bill all day on items making appropriations for Northern and Western rivers. When the Hennepin canal was reached, a point of order was made by Mr. Turner, of Georgia, that the river and harbor committee had no jurisdiction over canals. The point was argued at length, but without being decided. The House took a recess, the night session to be devoted to pensions.

### A GREAT FIND.

Immense Deposits of Manganese in Alabama—A Big Boon to the Iron Industry.

[By United Press.]

JACKSONVILLE, Ala., May 23.—What Pennsylvania and other experts believe to be the greatest deposit of manganese ever found in the United States if not in the world, has been opened up at Tredgar, in Calhoun county Alabama. The importance of this discovery is emphasized by the fact that, though manganese is an absolute necessity in steel making, the supply found in this country is so small that American steel makers have to depend largely upon foreign manganese, a cargo of four thousand tons having recently been imported at Baltimore from Asia that had been carried on the backs of mules twenty miles to the sea coast for importation.

### ONE MORE NEGRO CONGRESSMAN.

The Committee Decides in Favor of One Democrat and Two Republicans.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The House committee on elections to day decided three election cases. In the case of Chalmers (Rep.) against Morgan (Democrat) from the second district of Mississippi, the committee decided to report in favor of Mr. Morgan, who holds the seat in the House. In the case of Langston vs. Venable, from the fourth Virginia district, and of Miller vs. Elliott, from the seventh South Carolina district, the committee, by a strict party vote, decided to make reports favorable to the contestants, both Republicans.

### SOME LIVELY LIGHTNING.

It Kills Two Negroes and Gets the Best of Several Mules.

[By United Press.]

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 23.—During a thunder storm that passed over Marlboro county Wednesday, a streak of lightning did an unusual execution. As soon as it began raining a number of negroes who were working in a field took refuge under a shed at the foot of a hickory tree. The tree was struck and the lightning passing down through the shed, killed Smart Patterson and John Brown, knocked two other men senseless, and stunned several mules.

### THE PEOPLE LOVE THE CZAR.

Vice-Consul General Dunston says Geo. Kennan is a Sensationalist.

[By United Press.]

SPRINGFIELD, O., May 23.—Mr. Wm. A. Dunston, a resident of Russia for thirty years, and at present American Vice-Consul General at St. Petersburg, is in this city. He takes decided issue with George Kennan, whom he calls a sensationalist, given to exaggeration. Mr. Dunston says the Russian prisons are as humanely conducted as our own, the prisoners being well treated and well fed. The people of St. Petersburg love the Czar.

### THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The North Carolina Rivers Which Get Appropriations.

[Special to STATE CHRONICLE.]

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Appropriations outlined in the river and harbor bill, previously published, for Cape Fear, Upper Cape Fear, Northeast river, New river, and the waterway between, Neuse river, and Swansboro, passed the House to-day. The appropriation for Black river was omitted on account of an error of the clerk of the committee, but the mistake will be rectified in the Senate.

## ALL BACK HOME.

The Raleigh Contingent Back From Charlotte.

The Rescue Fire company returned from Charlotte yesterday morning having stayed one day longer than the other companies to do some horse reel racing.

The Charlotte Chronicle of yesterday says:

The closing event of the firemen's program, was an exhibition run by the Rescue Fire company, of Raleigh. The course was 300 yards, from the Mint to a point near the corners of Church and Trade streets. The wagon was run 200 yards to the plug opposite the lower corner of the First Presbyterian church, where the hose was attached to the plug, the wagon keeping on for one hundred yards more, unreeled that length of hose. Time was taken from the start to the time when water was thrown a hundred yards beyond the plug.

The Rescue company's hose, instead of being wound on a reel, was plaited in a wagon. The course is considerably up hill, but on the first run water was thrown in exactly one minute from the start, after having traveled through one hundred yards of hose.

The team then made a second run, and this time threw water in fifty-six seconds. They say that with a stronger pressure of water, they could have made even better time.

This was only an exhibition run, and was not for a prize.

### A Fertilizer "Chucked Out."

Mr. George S. Terrell, State fertilizer inspector, has made a seizure at Pilot Mountain of a quantity of the Old Dominion Company's "Special Fertilizer for Tobacco," which the company has been selling in this State without license. It is all withdrawn from the State by order of the commissioner of agriculture. It is learned that the firm had been selling this fertilizer in sacks for cotton fertilizer. This irregularity and violation of the law exposed the operations of the company, and led to the seizure of the goods.

### HOPE GONE.

Kemmler Must Die by Electricity—According to the New York State Laws.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—By a decision of the Supreme court of the United States to day, the last hope for life afforded William Kemmler, the New York murderer under sentence of death by electricity, was banished; and he will accordingly be executed in conformity with the new law governing executions in New York State. The court was unanimous in denying the application. Chief Justice Fuller read the decision in full.

The court in its decision first considered the question raised concerning cruel and unusual punishment. The first legal enactment in this regard, it was stated, was made when William of Orange became King of England; and its purpose was to prevent the infliction of barbarous punishment on citizens. It was not true, the court stated, that the 14th amendment had materially changed our theory of government. Citizens of the States were also citizens of the United States. The 14th amendment simply furnished an additional safe guard against encroachments on the fundamental rights of citizens.

### For Register of Deeds of Wake.

(Special Cor. of STATE CHRONICLE.)

ST. MARY'S TOWNSHIP, WAKE CO., N. C., May 22.—I see names are being suggested already for the different county officers in the coming campaign. As we all have some preferences as to the men, we recommend the name of W. N. Snelling, of Raleigh, for the nomination upon the Democratic ticket for Register of Deeds. We know of no man that would come as near meeting all the demands of the voters of our township as the name of W. N. Snelling would.

He is a man that is known by almost every voter, both white and colored, in our township, and is beloved by all. He is a man that carries with him the utmost confidence of every one that has formed his acquaintance. He has held several offices of trust, both in the church and out of it, in the right of the church and the furtherance of the genuine Christian religion; all other offices of trust, he contends for the rights of his fellow man. So let's trot him to the front and give him the nomination for Register of Deeds, and place into his hands would be giving him the keys to the Register's office as he would sweep the county like a cyclone does the forest. The writer has known him from boyhood and has yet to hear a single charge against him. How few there are we can say this for, but we can say it conscientiously, and without contradiction. We think the writer is not only giving the sentiment of St. Mary's township, but that we speak the sentiment of seven-eighths of the voters of the county. The office of register of deeds is a very small office to offer to so deserving a man, but as he is no office seeker, we believe he would be willing to go wherever his friends see fit to place him.

B. T. J.

### DRY ODD FELLOWS.

The Missouri Grand Lodge of Missouri Declares for Prohibition.

[By United Press.]

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Missouri have gone on record for prohibition.

## THE PRESBYTERIANS.

"THIS IS A MOST SERIOUS MOMENT."

The Revision Question Under Vigorous Discussion in the Northern Church—The Southern Church Deals With War and the Lottery—But Lets Temperance Alone.

(By United Press.)

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 23.—The important business before the Presbyterian Assembly this morning was the consideration of providing a committee on revision. Two resolutions were before the House—one by Rev. Dr. McCracken, of New York, and the other by Elder Henry Day, Dr. Patton, of Princeton College, held the floor, declining to yield to Elder Day and Dr. Herick Johnson, who asked the privilege to read the resolutions. Dr. Patton, who has been regarded as the leader of the anti-revisionists, said: "This is a most serious moment in the life of this assembly. We represent differences of opinion. It is too late to raise the question as to the wisdom of the last assembly in submitting the overtures upon which we are about to act, but it is my opinion that it was a very unwise act. I will oppose, from the very bottom of my heart, the submission of Dr. McCracken's resolution to the assembly. Out of the 213 Presbyteries of this Assembly, only eight are for an absolutely new creed. I do not see the necessity for any alteration in the confession of faith. But 134 Presbyteries have expressed themselves in favor of it, and I bow to the opinion of the majority thus expressed. (Great applause.) Now then, how shall we go to it? It seems to be the general opinion that the best way is to appoint a committee to consider the matter and report to the next assembly. I don't care how you appoint the committee, but Dr. McCracken's resolution reads as though he was living in the middle ages and was assisting in the appointment of a Doge of Venice. We could do it in a much shorter way. We should appoint this committee because it is a right thing to do. The church has a right to revise her creed and I will defend that right; (sensation) but what is the committee going to do? What are they for? I hope we shall not give this committee a roving commission. I wish them to understand that no change shall be made that will in any way impair the integrity of the Calvinistic system. (Applause.)"

Our confession of faith has been traduced, and I want this assembly to reaffirm the standard of belief in the very terms in which the committee is appointed. I don't want to be a party to the mischief of letting it go unrestricted. I want it instructed, and in such terms that when it is appointed, it will not be with a simple majority, but in a way that the church will feel that the whole assembly is in favor of it. Let us have peace. I'd go a little further than this. I want them instructed that they shall confine their labors to such construction of phraseology as may be necessary to remove popular misunderstanding. I will never confess that a total revision of faith is necessary. (Great applause.) I wish I had a voice that would reach around the world to reaffirm that that there never was, and never can be, a just foundation for the charge that we Presbyterians have ever believed in infant damnation, or that that the doctrine is embodied in the Westminster standard. (Moderate applause.)

### The Southern Assembly

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 23.—The Home Mission report was received and adopted, which provides for sending one field secretary to labor among the negroes. The report shows that last year thirty-four Presbyteries employed fifty-four evangelists, costing \$16,000. The executive committee of Home Missions for next year, are S. N. Craig, Secretary; W. A. Powell, Treasurer; Reverend G. B. Strickler, S. H. Rogers, E. H. Barnett, F. H. Gaines and Messrs. W. A. Moore, S. M. Inman, M. A. Candler, Geo. W. W. Scott and R. L. Barry.

The assembly has adopted a resolution that Christian nations adopt some Christian remedy for war.

It was resolved that church members abstain from buying Louisiana lottery tickets, and persuade others not to buy. The assembly refused to hear appeal in case of Rev. D. P. Robertson, who by the last assembly, was recommended to be restored to communion as a minister. This is a North Carolina case that has caused much local interest.

Rufus Barringer, George E. Wilson and John E. Oates, all of North Carolina, were re-elected assembly trustees for three years.

An effort was made to re-open the temperance question, which was voted down.

Out of sixty-eight answers about church societies, twenty-two disapprove of such societies, and the other answers vary in degree of approval and commendation.

Dr. Thompson, of Charleston, wanted a resolution adopted that Presbyteries help no poor students outside of the Southern Church, because a Southern student who went to a Northwestern seminary became a revisionist.

### Weather Report.

Raleigh yesterday: Maximum temperature 86; minimum temperature 58; rainfall 0.00 inches.

Local forecast for Raleigh and vicinity for to-day: Fair weather, slight change in temperature. Southerly winds. Conditions favorable for thunder storm to-night.

For North Carolina: Fair weather, except in northern portion, cloudy weather; frequent showers; southerly winds.

### Foreign Immigration.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—During the past month of April, 64,212 immigrants came to this country, against 62,605 in April 1889.

## NEW MECHANICAL BUILDING.

Of the A. and M. College—Building Operations Begun—The First Brick Laid by a Young Lady.

About half past five o'clock, yesterday afternoon, quite a company gathered at the College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts to witness the ceremonies attendant upon laying the first brick of the new mechanical building.

In chosen words President Holliday stated the purpose of the gathering, and recited the success of the college during its first session.

Rev. Dr. M. M. Marshall offered prayer.

Then Mr. E. C. Beddingfield, secretary of the State Alliance, was introduced. He spoke briefly and pointedly and interestingly.

After his address, Miss Maggie Merrimon, with trowel in hand, gracefully placed the first brick of the new building, and she had the captivating courage to accompany her action with expressed wishes for the permanence and prosperity of the institution. She was cheered by the assembly.

Mr. A. D. Jones followed this proceeding with an eloquent, forcible and apt speech.

### The Building.

The new building will contain on the first floor the machine shops 40x30, forge shops 40x30, office and class room 23x34, and wash room 10x23.

On the second floor will be the pattern shop, carpenter shop, and drawing room.

The carpenter shop will accommodate a class of thirty members, and it will contain thirty full equipments.

During the last session, the room originally intended as a hospital has been used as the drawing room, and from this will be moved thirty drawing benches into the new department.

In the summer of '92 the machine shop will be fully equipped with planers, turning laths and other machinery, as the present class will by that time be sufficiently advanced to handle and manage that heavy and intricate machinery.

### SOME CROP NOTES.

Advices of Destruction to Corn—The Promising Cotton—What the Crop Was Last Year.

Advices are coming in from different points that bugs or worms are ravaging and cutting the corn and doing great damage.

The farmers are looking around for some means to stop the destruction.

Glowing accounts of the cotton crop continue to come from every direction. The stand and general condition is as good as it could possibly be. It is, of course, too soon to think of estimating the probable yield of the crop, but at this time there are only hopes that the seasons will encourage it and keep it in as good shape as it is now.

Secretary Bruner, of the Agricultural Department, has recently been making calculations from the official U. S. statistics with reference to the cotton crop of this State. His conclusions are that the last year's crop in the State amounted to about 340,000 bales. The crop is usually 400,000 bales. His estimate is that twenty thousand bales were raised in Wake county last year, whereas the yield is about thirty thousand bales.

Minute From the Meeting of the Board of Directors of the N. C. Home Insurance Company, Held May 23rd, 1890.

WHEREAS, By the dispensation of an All-Wise Providence, our friend and fellow director, Col. Wm. E. Anderson, has been removed from our midst and from the labors of an active useful life, and recognizing the great loss we sustain in common with so many other organizations with which he was actively connected, we desire to place on record our estimation of our friend as a Christian gentleman, as a man of unswerving integrity, of sound discretion and judgment, as a faithful and wise counsellor, possessing great self control and to a remarkable degree the qualities of amiability and gentleness.

Feeling the loss of such a man so keenly, we therefore, resolve:

1. To spread this minute upon the record book of the company and to devote a page of the same to his memory.

2. That a copy of the same be sent to his family, to whom we tender our heartfelt sympathy in their great bereavement.

3. That a copy of the same be given to the press of the city with a request for its publication.

### A Pleasant Excursion to Franklinton.

Yesterday the pupils of the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Institution had a delightful excursion to Franklinton.

They are indebted for this pleasure to Capt. Wm. Smith, Superintendent of the Raleigh & Gaston railroad, who provided for them two elegant cars free of charge. They had quite a reception at the depot on arriving at Franklinton, Mayor Gulley coming out and giving them a welcome. They enjoyed the trip immensely and feel the weight of obligation to the kind friend who gave them such a delightful day out. Superintendent W. J. Young was in charge of the excursion.

### A Double Killing.

[By United Press.]

ALEXANDRIA, La., May 23.—Yesterday afternoon Jeff Hunt and Claude Stewart were shot and killed by John Bolan and Jim Johnson, all white men. The killing was the result of trouble growing out of a charivari party some weeks ago.

## FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

THE VOTE OF 1888 AND PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

The State Executive Committee Will Meet June 10th, and Prepare for the Campaign—Facts of Value to all Committeemen and Others.

The State Executive Committee of the Democratic party, as already announced in these columns, will meet in Raleigh on the 10th of June. It will call the State convention and get ready for the campaign which follows. The CHRONICLE hopes that the State Convention will be held not later than the first Wednesday or Thursday in August. Our observation has taught us that State conventions in this State ought to be held at least three months before the election.

Some of the Judicial and Congressional conventions have already been called. For general information we publish below the plan of organization of the Democratic party.

We also publish below the official vote for Governor in 1888. By a reference to this vote each county can ascertain the number of delegates it is entitled to in the State, Congressional and Judicial conventions.

We advise all committeemen and others to file this paper as they will find it of value until the campaign is ended.

### THE DEMOCRATIC CHART.

The Plan of Organization of the Democratic Party.

DEM. CENTRAL EX. COMMITTEE.

The following is the plan of organization heretofore adopted by the State Democratic Committee for the guidance of the party.

### Township Organization.

1. The unit of county organization shall be the township. In each township there shall be an Executive Committee, to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters of the several townships in meetings called by the County Executive Committee. And said committee so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all committee meetings.

2. The several township executive committees shall convene at the meetings of the several county conventions, or at any time and place that a majority of them may elect, and shall elect a county executive committee, to consist of not less than five members, one of whom shall be designated as chairman, who shall preside at all of the said committee meetings.

3. In case there shall be a failure on the part of any township to elect its executive committee for the period of thirty days, the county executive committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said township.

4. The members of the township committees shall elect to any vacancy occurring in said committee.

5. The county executive committee shall call all necessary county conventions by giving at least ten days notice by public advertisement in three public places in each township, at the court house door, and in any Democratic newspaper that may be published in said county, requesting all Democrats of the county to meet in convention in their respective townships on a common day therein stated, which said day shall not be less than three days before the meeting of the county convention, for the purpose of electing their delegates to the conventions so held, shall elect their delegates to represent the townships in the county conventions from the voters of the respective townships, which delegates, or such of them as shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective townships on all questions that may come before the said county conventions.

In case no convention shall be held in any township in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made, the township executive committee shall appoint such delegates.

6. Each township shall be entitled to cast in the county convention one vote for every twenty-five Democratic votes, and one vote for fractions of fifteen Democratic votes cast by that township at the last preceding gubernatorial election: PROVIDED, That every township shall be entitled to cast at least one vote, and each township may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

7. In cases where townships consist of more than one ward or precinct, each of said wards or precincts shall be entitled to send delegates to county conventions, and shall cast its proportionate part of its township's vote, based upon the last preceding vote for Governor in said township.

8. The chairmen of township committees shall preside at all township conventions. In their absence any other member of said committee may preside.

9. In cases where all the township executive committees are required to meet for the purpose of electing county executive committees, said meetings shall be deemed to have a quorum when a majority of such townships shall be represented in said meeting.

County and District Conventions.

1. The several county conventions shall be entitled to elect to their Senatorial, Judicial and Congressional conventions one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over twenty-five Democratic votes cast at the last preceding gubernatorial election in their respective counties, and none but delegates or alternates shall be entitled to seats in said conventions: PROVIDED, That every county shall have at least one vote in said conventions.

2. The chairman, or in his absence, any member of the county senatorial, judicial and congressional committee, shall call to order their respective conventions, and hold their chairmanship

thereof until the convention shall elect its chairman.

3. The executive committees of the senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, respectively, shall at the call of their respective chairmen, meet at some time and place in their respective districts, designated in said call. And it shall be their duty to appoint the time and place for holding conventions in their respective districts; and the chairman of said respective committees of the different county executive committees of said appointment, and the said county executive committee shall forthwith call conventions of their respective counties in conformity to said notice, to send delegates to said respective district conventions.

### State Conventions.

1. The State convention shall be composed of delegates appointed by the several county conventions. Each county shall be entitled to elect one delegate and one alternate for every one hundred and fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over seventy-five Democratic votes cast therein at the last gubernatorial election; and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said convention: PROVIDED, That every county shall have at least one vote in said convention.

### General Rules.

1. Such delegates (or alternates of absent delegates) as may be present at any Democratic convention shall be allowed to cast the whole vote to which their township or county may be entitled.

2. If no delegate or alternate shall attend a State convention from any county, any person appointed by the president of the county convention, or on his failure by its secretary, may represent the county.

3. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast there shall be no change in such vote until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said convention.

4. All Democratic Executive Committees shall have the power to fill any vacancy occurring in their respective bodies.

5. That the chairman of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates to the different districts and State Conventions, and a certified list of said delegates and alternates to the State Conventions shall be sent to the secretary of the State committee. For the committee.

### OFFICIAL VOTE IN 1888.

COUNTIES.	1888.	
	FOULKE.	DOCKERY.
Alamance.....	1,741	1,517
Alexander.....	962	552
Alleghany.....	687	405
Anson.....	2,241	975
Ashe.....	1,390	1,432
Beaufort.....	2,092	1,700
Bertie.....	1,316	1,097
Bladen.....	1,541	1,365
Brunswick.....	2,516	2,099
Buncombe.....	3,041	2,816
Burke.....	1,247	1,165
Cabarrus.....	1,645	915
Caldwell.....	1,238	717
Camden.....	598	602
Carteret.....	1,073	677
Caswell.....	1,358	1,097
Catawba.....	2,390	756
Chatham.....	2,072	910
Cherokee.....	646	808
Chowan.....	742	791
Clay.....	391	286
Cleveland.....	2,899	764
Columbus.....	1,321	2,599
Craven.....	1,408	2,637
Cumberland.....	2,577	2,382
Currituck.....	978	438
Dare.....	326	369
Davidson.....	2,018	2,335
Davie.....	1,008	1,204
Duplin.....	2,305	1,154
Durham.....	1,815	1,617
Edgecombe.....	1,321	2,599
Forsyth.....	2,259	2,584
Franklin.....	2,304	2,041
Gaston.....	1,884	1,236
Gates.....	1,134	1,946
Graham.....	271	182
Granville.....	2,406	2,609
Greene.....	1,008	1,072
Gulford.....	2,470	2,680
Halifax.....	1,375	2,288
Harnett.....	1,444	577
Haywood.....	1,336	974
Henderson.....	917	1,291
Hertford.....	1,182	1,262
Hyde.....	884	738
Iredell.....	2,734	1,897
Jackson.....	903	569
Johnston.....	3,024	2,096
Jones.....	684	630
Lenoir.....	1,437	1,946
Lincoln.....	1,209	901
Macon.....	780	742
Madison.....	1,178	1,573
Martin.....	1,674	1,287
McDowell.....	1,610	1,946